

## Acog Guidelines For Ascus Pap Smears

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### Acog Guidelines For Ascus Pap

Repeat Pap test or co-test—A repeat Pap test or a repeat co-test (Pap test and a test for high-risk types of HPV) is recommended as a follow-up to some abnormal test results. These repeat tests may be done in 1 year or in 3 years depending on your initial test result, your age, and the results of previous tests.

### Abnormal Cervical Cancer Screening Test Results | ACOG

Current Pap Test Recommendations. (ASCCP, ACS, ASCP, USPSTF, ACOG) • First Pap test age 21 • Test every three years until age 30 • Age > 30, HPV test with Pap test every 5 years. -If HPV testing

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unavailable, Pap every 3 years. • No more testing after hysterectomy (if cervix has been removed) or age 65. -With negative Pap history.

### **Guidelines for Paps, HPV Tests and Managing Abnormal Pap Tests**

Recommend against screening women aged <21 years. (D recommendation). Age 21 regardless of the age of onset of sexual activity. Women aged <21 years should not be screened regardless of age at sexual initiation and other behavior-related risk factors. (Level A evidence).

### **Cervical Cancer Screening Guidelines for Average-Risk Women**

Guidelines for the Assessment of Abnormal Cervical Cytology Ia: Persistent LSIL/ASCUS Discharge \* Positive Predictive Value of ASCUS/LSIL for CIN2+ is 15-25% Persistent LSIL /ASCUS \* (Over 12 months) Satisfactory Colposcopy, Pap in 12 months No CIN 2, 3 Manage per guideline CIN 2, 3 No CIN 2, 3 Unsatisfactory Colposcopy (ECC required ) CIN 2, 3

### **Management Algorithms for Abnormal Cervical Cytology and ...**

More than half of all high-grade lesions are preceded by an ASCUS or AGUS Pap smear. By adopting definitive management strategies for these types of abnormal cytology, Ob/Gyns have a unique opportunity to prevent cervical cancer.

### **Managing ASCUS and AGUS Pap smears | MDedge ObGyn**

• ASCUS with Negative HPV – screen every three yrs • ASUCS with positive HPV – Proceed to colposcopy • ASCUS with no HPV typing – Repeat pap in 12 months - if pap negative at 12 months then Q3yr pap smear - if pap ASUCS,ASC\_H,LSIL,HSIL,AGUS,AIS or CIS at 12 months then proceed to colposcopy.

### **Cervical Cancer Screening Guidelines: What's new?**

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The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) has developed new guidelines for the management of abnormal cervical cytology and histology. Because management in some instances ...

### **ACOG Releases Guidelines for Managing Abnormal Cervical ...**

The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) has released evidence-based guidelines for management of abnormal cervical cytology and histology. Cervical cytology screening has ...

### **ACOG Releases Guidelines for Management of Abnormal ...**

Thank you to the ASCCP Risk-Based Management Consensus Guidelines Participating Organizations: ASCCP, American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP), American Cancer Society (ACS), American College of Nurse-Midwives (ACNM), American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG), American Society for Clinical Pathology (ASCP), American Sexual Health Association (ASHA), American Society of ...

### **Management Guidelines - ASCCP**

Screening Guidelines. The American Cancer Society (ACS), ASCCP, and the American Society for Clinical Pathology (ASCP) have released guidelines for the prevention and early detection of cervical cancer. The guidelines generally advise a reduction in the number of tests women get over their lifetime to better ensure that they receive the benefits of testing while minimizing the harms, and include a preference for co-testing using the Pap test and HPV test for women age ages 30 to 65.

### **Guidelines - ASCCP**

The new pap smear guidelines (2012) recommend that most women under the age of 21 do not need a pap smear and that a woman's first pap smear should be when she is 21 years old and not

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before. Being sexual active does not change this recommendation. There are certain circumstances that can change this recommendation.

### **ThePapApp**

The American Cancer Society recommends that women follow these guidelines to help find cervical cancer early. Following these guidelines can also find pre-cancers, which can be treated to keep cervical cancer from starting. All women should begin cervical cancer testing (screening) at age 21. Women aged 21 to 29, should have a Pap test every 3 years.

### **The American Cancer Society Guidelines for the Prevention ...**

ACOG Guidelines (Highlights) Pap. Age < 21: Not recommended for screening Age 21-24: Screen every 3 years Age 25-29: Screen every 3 years Age 30-65: Screen every 3 years Age > 65: Screening should be discontinued if patient has had adequate negative prior screening results and no history of CIN2+. See ACOG Practice Bulletin No. 168 for management of patient with history of CIN2+.

### **Cervical Cancer Screening | LabCorp**

Abnormal Pap test results include: ASCUS ~ Atypical squamous cells of undetermined significance This diagnosis means that some of the cells on your Pap smear did not look entirely normal but did not meet diagnostic criteria for a lesion. Your doctor may either repeat your Pap smear, or perform a colposcopy.

### **Abnormal Pap Test Results: Kimmel Cancer Center**

Pap screening may end at age 65 if the Pap history is unremarkable and the patient is low risk. ... HPV testing (high risk types) is the preferred method for triage of ASCUS results using liquid cytology for ages 25-65. If 21-24 years, repeat PAP in 12 months. ... ACOG guidelines for cervical

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cancer screening, *Obstet Gynecol* 2006; 107(4) 963 ...

## **Pap Smear Referral Guideline**

Low-grade squamous intraepithelial lesion (LSIL) is a common abnormal result on a Pap test. It's also known as mild dysplasia. LSIL means that your cervical cells show mild abnormalities. A LSIL ...

## **Low-Grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion (LSIL): What It ...**

Evidence summary. Although only 5% to 10% of women with the result of ASCUS on a Pap smear have a high-grade squamous intraepithelial lesion (HSIL), estimates suggest that more than one third of these lesions are identified during follow-up to ASCUS Pap smears. 1 The recent ASCUS-LSIL Triage Study (ALTS), a multicenter randomized trial, directly addressed the appropriate evaluation of ASCUS. 2 ...

## **What is the best approach for patients with ASCUS detected ...**

The sensitivity of ASCUS can be increased by considering the patient's oncogenic HPV status. 1 Two other studies showed that more than 33% of patients with anal Pap results reporting ASCUS or LSILs have high-grade findings at biopsy reports, which support the need to perform HRA with biopsy even in patients with LSILs, regardless of HIV status ...

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